School Accountability Report Card Reported for School Year 2008-09 Published During 2009-10

The School Accountability Report Card (SARC), which is required by law to be published annually, contains information about the condition and performance of each California public school. More information about SARC requirements is available on the California Department of Education (CDE) SARC Web page at http://www.cde.ca.gov/ta/ac/sa/. For additional information about the school, parents and community members should contact the school principal or the district office.

I. Data and Access

DataQuest

DataQuest is an online data tool located on the CDE DataQuest Web page at <u>http://dq.cde.ca.gov/dataquest/</u> that contains additional information about this school and comparisons of the school to the district, the county, and the state. Specifically, DataQuest is a dynamic system that provides reports for accountability (e.g. Academic Performance Index [API], Adequate Yearly Progress [AYP], test data, enrollment, graduates, dropouts, course enrollments, staffing, and data regarding English learners).

Internet Access

Internet access is available at public libraries and other locations that are publicly accessible (e.g., the California State Library). Access to the Internet at libraries and public locations is generally provided on a first-come, first-served basis. Other use restrictions include the hours of operation, the length of time that a workstation may be used (depending on availability), the types of software programs available on a workstation, and the ability to print documents.

II. About This School

Contact Information (School Year 2009-10)

This section provides the school's contact information.

	School	District		
School Name	Paradise High School	District Name	Paradise Unified School District	
Street	5911 Maxwell Drive	Phone Number	530.872.6400	
City, State, Zip	Paradise, CA 95969	Web Site	www.pusdk12.org	
Phone Number	530.872.6425	Superintendent	Roger Bylund	
Principal	Michael Lerch	E-mail Address	cjohnson@pusdk12.org	
E-mail Address	mlerch@pusdk12.org	CDS Code	04-61531-0437350	

School Description and Mission Statement (School Year 2008-09)

This section provides information about the school, its programs and its goals.

Paradise High School, a comprehensive high school serving the educational needs of ninth through twelfth grade students, is a school committed to providing a quality education based on the individual needs of our students.

The mission of Paradise High School is to ensure a safe and caring environment, providing every student with the opportunity to graduate as a responsible, confident citizen who is a life-long learner with a personal vision of the future. Our vision is to work collaboratively with students, parents and community members to enhance learning, as well as encourage enthusiasm and responsibility for learning. Our goal is to produce knowledgeable, productive and responsible citizens who are motivated toward continual learning and individual growth.

The Paradise community may take great pride in both students and staff at Paradise High School, as well as the quality and variety of available educational opportunities that are planned and offered at PHS.

Opportunities for Parental Involvement (School Year 2008-09)

This section provides information about opportunities for parents to become involved with school activities.

In an effort to increase parent and community involvement, Paradise High School offers the following opportunities for parent participation:

- Parent-Teacher-Student Organization (PTSO)
- Band Boosters
- Sports Boosters
- School Site Council
- Regional Occupation Program Advisory Board
- Career Technical Education Act Parent Advisory Board
- Fusion Parent Advisory Board
- Quarterly Parent/Community Bobcat newsletter
- Website
- Marquee
- ConnectEd

In addition, parents may become involved at PHS by attending any number of athletic, music or dramatic activities, by attending our annual Back to School and Open House nights, our Academic Awards nights, by becoming a member of the Grad Night planning committee or by serving on a Senior Project presentation panel. Parents may contact the school for information on any of the above organizations or activities.

Student Enrollment by Grade Level (School Year 2008-09)

This table displays the number of students enrolled in each grade level at the school.

Grade Level	Number of Students
Grade 9	367
Grade 10	383
Grade 11	331
Grade 12	346
Total Enrollment	1427

Student Enrollment by Group (School Year 2008-09)

This table displays the percent of students enrolled at the school who are identified as being in a particular group.

Group	Percent of Total Enrollment	Group	Percent of Total Enrollment
African American	1.05	White (not Hispanic)	84.79
American Indian or Alaska Native	0.98	Multiple or No Response	5.40
Asian	0.77	Socioeconomically Disadvantaged	52.00
Filipino	0.28	English Learners	2.00
Hispanic or Latino	6.31	Students with Disabilities	14.00
Pacific Islander	0.42		

Average Class Size and Class Size Distribution (Secondary)

This table displays, by subject area, the average class size and the number of classrooms that fall into each size category (a range of total students per classroom).

2006-07				2007.08			2008-09					
	A				2007-08 Avg. Number of Classrooms							
Subject	Avg.	NUMDE	er of Clas	srooms	Avg.	NUMDE	er of Clas	srooms	Avg.	NUMDE	er of Clas	srooms
	Class Size	1-22	23-32	33+	Class Size	1-22	23-32	33+	Class Size	1-22	23-32	33+
English	26.3	23	15	22	24.8	27	17	17	27.1	14	16	24
Mathematics	25.1	25	13	10	25.8	19	11	14	25.2	13	11	19
Science	31.9	3	9	19	30	2	13	11	28.2	3	19	3
Social Science	29.3	5	24	13	31.6	1	19	16	31.5	1	16	19

School Safety Plan (School Year 2008-09)

This section provides information about the school's comprehensive safety plan.

Paradise High School has developed and implemented a comprehensive safety plan. This plan was developed in collaboration with the School Site Council, school staff and administration, School Resource Officer, Paradise Police Department, Butte County Sheriff's Department, Paradise Fire Department, and the Town of Paradise. The plan addresses safe entry and exit, civil unrest, weapons on campus, maintaining order on campus, natural disasters, armed intruders, fire and earthquake, etc. The plan contains all of the information required by law and is reviewed annually by the PUSD Governing Board and school administration. The plan is discussed with school staff each August on the day before students return to school following summer break. Emergency plans are posted in each classroom. Emergency drills are conducted at regular intervals throughout the school year.

Suspensions and Expulsions

This table displays the rate of suspensions and expulsions (the total number of incidents divided by the total enrollment) at the school and district levels for the most recent three-year period.

Rate		School		District			
	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	
Suspensions	13.0	16.6	17.4	16.5	16.3	23.3	
Expulsions	1.7	2.1	1.1	1.1	1.0	0.9	

IV. School Facilities

School Facility Conditions and Planned Improvements (School Year 2009-10)

This section provides information about the condition of the school's grounds, buildings, and restrooms based on the most recent data available, and a description of any planned or recently completed facility improvements.

While many of the Paradise High School facilities are beginning to display signs of aging, the students, school staff, parents and district maintenance personnel assist in the effort of keeping the facility clean and attractive. Each classroom contains a television, VCR, DVD and at least one internet-connected computer. There are five classroom computer labs on campus as well as a number of student use computers in the library and in our career center. The library serves as an important teaching and learning center for staff and students.

During the summer of 2004, an all-weather track surface was installed in the stadium complex. Grant, district and community-raised funds paid for the installation and improvement of this venue.

School Facility Good Repair Status (School Year 2009-10)

This table displays the results of the most recently completed school site inspection to determine the school facility's good repair status.

System Inspected	Repair Status				Repair Needed and Action Taken or Planned	
	Exemplary Good Fair Poor					
Systems: Gas Leaks, Mechanical/HVAC, Sewer	[]	[X]	[]	[]	70% of all systems are on automated controls. Filters are changed regularly and maintenance is continuous. The site has one standard septic system that is evaluated as required.	
Interior: Interior Surfaces	[]	[X]	[]	[]	Walls are painted and repairs made on a continuous basis. Stained ceiling tiles are replaced and windows are repaired on an on-going basis.	
Cleanliness: Overall Cleanliness, Pest/ Vermin Infestation	[]	[X]	[]	[]	The site is in good repair, clean and well maintained. Site staff work hard to keep the campus cleared of trash.	
Electrical: Electrical	[]	[X]	[]	[]	Exit and emergency lighting is checked regularly and noted monthly. The warranty on the retrofit is still in effect.	

System Inspected		Repair S	Status		Repair Needed and	
System inspected	Exemplary	Good	Fair	Poor	Action Taken or Planned	
Restrooms/Fountains: Restrooms, Sinks/ Fountains	[]	[X]	[]	[]	Restrooms are in good order, well stocked and clean. Drinking fountains receive regular maintenance and daily cleaning.	
Safety: Fire Safety, Hazardous Materials	[]	[X]	[]	[]	Fire extinguishers are serviced yearly and checked monthly. FLS (Fire Life Safety) strobe lights in restrooms are checked regularly.	
Structural: Structural Damage, Roofs	[]	[X]	[]	[]	The roofs are in good condition and maintenance is continuous.	
External: Playground/School Grounds, Windows/ Doors/Gates/Fences	[]	[X]	[]	[]	Grounds and equipment are checked and recorded monthly. Repairs are completed by site staff.	
Overall Rating	[]	[X]	[]	[]	Paradise High School is maintained in good repair. Considering the age of the buildings, some non-critical deficiencies are noted. The deficiencies are the result of minor wear and tear and are in the process of being addressed as required and as needed.	

V. Teachers

Teacher Credentials

This table displays the number of teachers assigned to the school with a full credential, without a full credential, and those teaching outside of their subject area of competence. Detailed information about teacher qualifications can be found on the CDE DataQuest Web page at http://dq.cde.ca.gov/dataquest/.

Teachers		District		
	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2008-09
With Full Credential	66	68	61	229
Without Full Credential	2	0	3	8
Teaching Outside Subject Area of Competence	0	12	2	

Teacher Misassignments and Vacant Teacher Positions

This table displays the number of teacher misassignments (teachers assigned without proper legal authorization) and the number of vacant teacher positions (not filled by a single designated teacher assigned to teach the entire course at the beginning of the school year or semester). Note: Total Teacher Misassignments includes the number of Misassignments of Teachers of English Learners.

Indicator	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10
Misassignments of Teachers of English Learners	0	0	0
Total Teacher Misassignments	0	0	0
Vacant Teacher Positions	0	0	0

Core Academic Classes Taught by No Child Left Behind Compliant Teachers (School Year 2008-09)

This table displays the percent of classes in core academic subjects taught by No Child Left Behind (NCLB) compliant and non-NCLB compliant teachers in the school, in all schools in the district, in high-poverty schools in the district, and in low-poverty schools in the district. High poverty schools are defined as those schools with student participation of approximately 75 percent or more in the free and reduced price meals program. Low poverty schools are those with student participation of approximately 25 percent or less in the free and reduced price meals program. More information on teacher qualifications required under NCLB can be found on the CDE Improving Teacher and Principal Quality Web page at http://www.cde.ca.gov/nclb/sr/tg/.

Location of Classes	Percent of Classes In Core Academic Subjects Taught by					
	NCLB Compliant Teachers	Non-NCLB Compliant Teachers				
This School	91.6	8.4				
All Schools in District	94.8	5.2				
High-Poverty Schools in District	100	0				
Low-Poverty Schools in District	100	0				

VI. Support Staff

Academic Counselors and Other Support Staff (School Year 2008-09)

This table displays, in units of full-time equivalents (FTE), the number of academic counselors and other support staff who are assigned to the school and the average number of students per academic counselor. One FTE equals one staff member working full time; one FTE could also represent two staff members who each work 50 percent of full time.

Title	Number of FTE Assigned to School	Average Number of Students per Academic Counselor
Academic Counselor	4.8	297
Library Media Teacher (Librarian)		
Library Media Services Staff (paraprofessional)		
Psychologist		
Social Worker		
Nurse		
Speech/Language/Hearing Specialist		
Resource Specialist (non-teaching)		
Other		

VII. Curriculum and Instructional Materials

Quality, Currency, Availability of Textbooks and Instructional Materials (School Year 2009-10)

This table displays information about the quality, currency, and availability of the standards-aligned textbooks and other instructional materials used at the school, and information about the school's use of any supplemental curriculum or non-adopted textbooks or instructional materials.

The district sets a high priority on providing current and sufficient textbooks and instructional materials for students. In this regard, our primary goal is to provide instruction and materials that are aligned to the California Content Standards. The district textbook review and approval process considers instructional materials that have been approved by the State Board of Education (SBE) for textbook adoption. Students have access to a wide variety of instructional materials including texts, workbooks, math and science equipment, reference resources, library and audiovisual materials. The school library and other technology resources provide students and staff with additional tools for learning and accessing information.

Annually the district surveys availability and adequacy of textbooks and science laboratory materials. Sufficient standards-aligned core textbooks are provided for each student on a one-to-one basis. Adequate materials support English language learners. District-adopted materials are current and consistent with state adoption and curriculum framework cycles. In addition various supplemental programs are utilized in classrooms and a number of intervention programs are used for academic support for struggling learners.

Core Curriculum Area	Quality, Currency, and Availability of Textbooks and Instructional Materials	Percent of Pupils Who Lack Their Own Assigned Textbooks and Instructional Materials
Reading/Language Arts	The Language of Literature, McDougal Littell, ©2000	0%
Mathematics	Algebra: Tools for a Changing World, Prentice Hall, ©2001 Geometry - University of Chicago Math Project, Scott Foresman, ©1998 CPM Geometry, Foresman/Wesley, ©2005 Algebra II - Trigonometry, Glencoe, ©1995	0%
Science	Holt Science Spectrum - A Physical Approach, Holt, Rinehart & Winston, ©2001 Holt Biology: Visualizing Life, Holt, Rinehart & Winston, ©1998 Biology, McDougal Littell, ©2008 Modern Chemistry, Holt, Rinehart & Winston Biology, 7th Ed. (AP), Benjamin Cummings, ©2005 College Physics (AP), Saunders, ©1995	0%
History-Social Science	World History: Connections to Today: Modern Era, Prentice Hall, ©2003 U.S. History - America: Pathways to the Present, Prentice Hall, ©2002 The American Pageant (AP), Houghton Mifflin, ©2002 The Challenge of Democracy (AP), Houghton Mifflin, ©2002 Magruder's American Government, Prentice Hall, ©2005 Economics, South-Western, ©1997	0%
Foreign Language	Spanish 1-4 - Prentice Hall, ©2005 French 1-4 - McDougal Littell, ©2000 German 1-4 - Holt, Reinhart & Winston, ©2003	0%
Health	Glencoe Health, Glencoe, ©2007	0%
Visual and Performing Arts	Teacher-selected instructional materials that are aligned with State standards	0%
Science Laboratory Equipment (grades 9-12)	Annual review of availability and quality	0%

VIII. School Finances

Expenditures Per Pupil and School Site Teacher Salaries (Fiscal Year 2007-08)

This table displays a comparison of the school's per pupil expenditures from unrestricted (basic) sources with other schools in the district and throughout the state, and a comparison of the average teacher salary at the school site with average teacher salaries at the district and state levels. Detailed information regarding school expenditures can be found on the CDE Current Expense of Education & Per-pupil Spending Web page at http://www.cde.ca.gov/ds/fd/ec/ and teacher salaries can be found on the CDE Current Expense of Education & Benefits Web page at http://www.cde.ca.gov/ds/fd/ec/ and teacher salaries can be found on the CDE Current Expense of Education & Benefits Web page at http://www.cde.ca.gov/ds/fd/ec/ and teacher salaries can be found on the CDE Certificated Salaries & Benefits Web page at http://www.cde.ca.gov/ds/fd/ec/.

Level	Total Expenditures Per Pupil	Expenditures Per Pupil (Supplemental)	Expenditures Per Pupil (Basic)	Average Teacher Salary
School Site	\$7,663	\$2,998	\$4,665	\$47,313
District			\$5,071	\$56,260
Percent Difference: School Site and District			-8%	-16%
State			\$4,943	\$63,640
Percent Difference: School Site and State			-6%	-26%

Types of Services Funded (Fiscal Year 2008-09)

This section provides information about the programs and supplemental services that are provided at the school through either categorical funds or other sources.

The high school is a comprehensive program that allows the students to earn a diploma upon graduation. Vocational, foreign languages and music programs supplement the instructional education.

Teacher and Administrative Salaries (Fiscal Year 2007-08)

This table displays district salaries for teachers, principals, and superintendents, and compares these figures to the state averages for districts of the same type and size. The table also displays teacher and administrative salaries as a percent of a district's budget, and compares these figures to the state averages for districts of the same type and size based on the salary schedule. Detailed information regarding salaries may be found on the CDE Certificated Salaries & Benefits Web page at http://www.cde.ca.gov/ds/fd/cs/.

Category	District Amount	State Average For Districts In Same Category
Beginning Teacher Salary	\$34,340	\$38,941
Mid-Range Teacher Salary	\$50,504	\$59,686
Highest Teacher Salary	\$75,335	\$77,828
Average Principal Salary (Elementary)	\$75,603	\$94,258
Average Principal Salary (Middle)	\$76,118	\$98,271
Average Principal Salary (High)	\$78,435	\$104,869
Superintendent Salary	\$110,499	\$142,247
Percent of Budget for Teacher Salaries	37.9	38.2
Percent of Budget for Administrative Salaries	4.5	5.9

IX. Student Performance

Standardized Testing and Reporting Program

The Standardized Testing and Reporting (STAR) Program consists of several key components, including the California Standards Tests (CSTs); the California Modified Assessment (CMA), and the California Alternate Performance Assessment (CAPA). The CSTs show how well students are doing in relation to the state content standards. The CSTs include English-language arts (ELA) and mathematics in grades two through eleven; science in grades five, eight, and nine through eleven; and history-social science in grades eight, and ten through eleven. The CAPA includes ELA, mathematics in grades two through eleven, and science for grades five, eight, and ten. The CAPA is given to those students with significant cognitive disabilities whose disabilities prevent them from taking either the CSTs with accommodations or modifications or the CMA with accommodations. The CMA includes ELA for grades three through eight and science in grades five and eight and is an alternate assessment that is based on modified achievement standards. The CMA is designed to assess those students whose disabilities preclude them from achieving grade-level proficiency on an assessment of the California content standards with or without accommodations. Student scores are reported as performance levels. Detailed information regarding the STAR Program results for each grade and performance level, including the percent of students not tested, can be found on the CDE Standardized Testing and Reporting (STAR) Results Web site at http://star.cde.ca.gov. Program information regarding the STAR Program can be found in the Explaining 2008 STAR Program Summary Results to the Public guide at http://www.cde.ca.gov/ta/tg/sr/documents/starpkt5intrpts.pdf. Note: Scores are not shown when the number of students tested is ten or less, either because the number of students in this category is too small for statistical accuracy or to protect student privacy. In no case shall any group score be reported that would deliberately or inadvertently make public the score or performance of any individual student.

Standardized Testing and Reporting Results for All Students – Three-Year Comparison

This table displays the percent of students achieving at the Proficient or Advanced level (meeting or exceeding the state standards).

Subject		School		District			State		
Oubject	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09
English-Language Arts	49	47	50	47	47	51	43	46	50
Mathematics	24	23	27	36	39	42	40	43	46
Science	40	50	52	46	51	53	38	46	50
History-Social Science	41	41	44	34	35	38	33	36	41

Standardized Testing and Reporting Results by Student Group - Most Recent Year

This table displays the percent of students, by group, achieving at the Proficient or Advanced level (meeting or exceeding the state standards) for the most recent testing period.

Group	Percent of Students Scoring at Proficient or Advanced							
Croup	English- Language Arts	Mathematics	Science	History-Social Science				
African American	*	*	*	*				
American Indian or Alaska Native	46	*	*	*				
Asian	73	36	*	*				
Filipino	*	*	*	*				
Hispanic or Latino	47	26	40	49				
Pacific Islander	*	*	*	*				
White (not Hispanic)	50	27	55	45				
Male	44	30	50	51				
Female	56	25	55	38				
Economically Disadvantaged	41	27	42	35				
English Learners	14		*	*				
Students with Disabilities	14	15	24	7				
Students Receiving Migrant Education Services								

California High School Exit Examination

The California High School Exit Examination (CAHSEE) is primarily used as a graduation requirement. However, the grade ten results of this exam are also used to establish the percentages of students at three proficiency levels (not proficient, proficient, or advanced) in ELA and mathematics in order to compute Adequate Yearly Progress (AYP) designations as required by the federal NCLB Act of 2001. Detailed information regarding CAHSEE results can be found at the CDE California High School Exit Examination (CAHSEE) Web site at http://cahsee.cde.ca.gov/. Note: Scores are not shown when the number of students tested is ten or less, either because the number of students in this category is too small for statistical accuracy, or to protect student privacy. In no case shall any group score be reported that would deliberately or inadvertently make public the score or performance of any individual student.

California High School Exit Examination Results for All Students – Three-Year Comparison

This table displays the percent of students achieving at the Proficient or Advanced level in ELA and mathematics.

Subject	School		District			State			
	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09
English-Language Arts	51.2	56.7	61.2	46.5	52.5	57.0	48.6	52.9	52.0
Mathematics	52.6	59.9	64.7	47.6	54.6	59.3	49.9	51.3	53.3

California High School Exit Examination Results by Student Group - Most Recent Year

This table displays the percent of students, by group, achieving at each performance level in ELA and mathematics for the most recent testing period.

	Eng	lish-Language	Arts	Mathematics			
Group	Not Proficient	Proficient	Advanced	Not Proficient	Proficient	Advanced	
All Students	38.8	30.2	31.0	35.3	49.4	15.3	
African American	*	*	*	*	*	*	
American Indian or Alaska Native	*	*	*	*	*	*	
Asian	*	*	*	*	*	*	
Filipino	*	*	*	*	*	*	
Hispanic or Latino	56.5	30.4	13.0	31.8	59.1	9.1	
Pacific Islander	*	*	*	*	*	*	
White (not Hispanic)	36.3	30.9	32.8	34.6	48.9	16.5	
Male	44.2	28.5	27.3	27.6	54.7	17.6	
Female	33.5	31.8	34.7	42.6	44.3	13.1	
Economically Disadvantaged	48.9	29.4	21.7	44.4	42.8	12.8	
English Learners	*	*	*	*	*	*	
Students with Disabilities	82.9	17.1	0.0	73.2	26.8	0.0	
Students Receiving Migrant Education Services	*	*	*	*	*	*	

X. Accountability

Academic Performance Index

The Academic Performance Index (API) is an annual measure of the academic performance and progress of schools in California. API scores range from 200 to 1,000, with a statewide target of 800. Detailed information about the API can be found at the CDE Academic Performance Index (API) Web page at <u>http://www.cde.ca.gov/ta/ac/ap/</u>.

Academic Performance Index Ranks – Three-Year Comparison

This table displays the school's statewide and similar schools API ranks. The statewide API rank ranges from 1 to 10. A statewide rank of 1 means that the school has an API score in the lowest ten percent of all schools in the state, while a statewide rank of 10 means that the school has an API score in the highest ten percent of all schools in the state. The similar schools API rank reflects how a school compares to 100 statistically matched "similar schools." A similar schools rank of 1 means that the school's academic performance is comparable to the lowest performing ten schools of the 100 similar schools, while a similar schools rank of 10 means that the school's academic performance is better than at least 90 of the 100 similar schools.

API Rank	2006	2007	2008
Statewide	6	7	6
Similar Schools	3	6	3

Academic Performance Index Growth by Student Group – Three-Year Comparison

This table displays, by student group, the actual API changes in points added or lost for the past three years, and the most recent API score. *Note: "N/A" means that the student group is not numerically significant.*

Group		Growth API Score		
	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009
All Students at the School	17	-5	9	740
African American				
American Indian or Alaska Native				
Asian				
Filipino				
Hispanic or Latino				
Pacific Islander				
White (not Hispanic)	21	-6	6	742
Socioeconomically Disadvantaged	22	3	19	703
English Learners				
Students with Disabilities	30	5	15	475

Adequate Yearly Progress

The federal NCLB Act requires that all schools and districts meet the following Adequate Yearly Progress (AYP) criteria:

- · Participation rate on the state's standards-based assessments in ELA and mathematics
- Percent proficient on the state's standards-based assessments in ELA and mathematics
- API as an additional indicator
- Graduation rate (for secondary schools)

Detailed information about AYP, including participation rates and percent proficient results by student group, can be found at the CDE Adequate Yearly Progress (AYP) Web page at <u>http://www.cde.ca.gov/ta/ac/ay/</u>.

Adequate Yearly Progress Overall and by Criteria (School Year 2008-09)

This table displays an indication of whether the school and the district made AYP overall and whether the school and the district met each of the AYP criteria.

AYP Criteria	School	District
Overall	Yes	No
Participation Rate: English-Language Arts	Yes	Yes
Participation Rate: Mathematics	Yes	Yes
Percent Proficient: English-Language Arts	Yes	No
Percent Proficient: Mathematics	Yes	No
API	Yes	Yes
Graduation Rate	Yes	Yes

Federal Intervention Program (School Year 2009-10)

Schools and districts receiving federal Title I funding enter Program Improvement (PI) if they do not make AYP for two consecutive years in the same content area (ELA or mathematics) or on the same indicator (API or graduation rate). After entering PI, schools and districts advance to the next level of intervention with each additional year that they do not make AYP. Detailed information about PI identification can be found at the CDE Adequate Yearly Progress (AYP) Web page at http://www.cde.ca.gov/ta/ac/ay/.

Indicator	School	District
Program Improvement Status		Not In PI
First Year of Program Improvement		
Year in Program Improvement		
Number of Schools Currently in Program Improvement		1
Percent of Schools Currently in Program Improvement		7.7

XI. School Completion and Postsecondary Preparation

Admission Requirements for California's Public Universities

University of California

Admission requirements for the University of California (UC) follow guidelines set forth in the Master Plan, which requires that the top one-eighth of the state's high school graduates, as well as those transfer students who have successfully completed specified college work, be eligible for admission to the UC. These requirements are designed to ensure that all eligible students are adequately prepared for University-level work. For general admissions requirements please visit the General Admissions Information Web page at http://www.universityofcalifornia.edu/admissions/general.html.

California State University

Admission requirements for the California State University (CSU) use three factors to determine eligibility. They are specific high school courses; grades in specified courses and test scores; and graduation from high school. Some campuses have higher standards for particular majors or students who live outside the local campus area. Because of the number of students who apply, a few campuses have higher standards (supplementary admission criteria) for all applicants. Most CSU campuses utilize local admission guarantee policies for students who graduate or transfer from high schools and colleges that are historically served by a CSU campus in that region. For general admissions requirements please visit the California State University Web page at http://www.calstate.edu/SAS/admreg.shtml.

Dropout Rate and Graduation Rate

This table displays the school's one-year dropout rates and graduation rates for the most recent three-year period for which data are available. For comparison purposes, data are also provided at the district and state levels. Detailed information about dropout rates and graduation rates can be found on the CDE DataQuest Web page at http://dg.cde.ca.gov/dataquest/.

Indicator	School			District			State		
	2005-06	2006-07	2007-08	2005-06	2006-07	2007-08	2005-06	2006-07	2007-08
Dropout Rate (1-year)	0.4	0.7	1.5	2.5	2.4	3.5	3.5	4.4	3.9
Graduation Rate	98.4	99.0	93.8	88.1	90.8	84.7	83.4	80.6	80.2

Completion of High School Graduation Requirements

Students in California public schools must pass both the ELA and mathematics portions of the CAHSEE to receive a high school diploma. For students who began the 2008-09 school year in grade twelve this table displays by student group the percent who met all state and local graduation requirements for grade twelve completion.

Group	Graduating Class of 2009						
Cloup	School	District	State				
All Students	1.3%	3%					
African American	0	0					
American Indian or Alaska Native	0	3.7%					
Asian	0	0					
Filipino	0	0					
Hispanic or Latino	1.2%	4.9%					
Pacific Islander	0	0					
White (not Hispanic)	1.2%	2.5%					
Socioeconomically Disadvantaged	1.3%	3.7%					
English Learners	0	5.6%					
Students with Disabilities	3.1%	3.8%					

Career Technical Education Programs (School Year 2008-09)

This section provides information about the Career Technical Education (CTE) programs and lists programs offered at the school.

Paradise High School offers several different programs for Career Technical Education. The school partners with Butte County ROP (Regional Occupation Program) to provide capstone courses for students to receive advanced training and access to career training and skill development. PHS offers courses in Media Arts, Construction, Culinary Arts, Drafting, Automotive, Information Technology, and Welding.

Career Technical Education Participation (School Year 2008-09)

This table displays information about participation in the school's CTE programs.

Measure	CTE Program Participation
Number of pupils participating in CTE	923
% of pupils completing a CTE program and earning a high school diploma	100%
% of CTE courses sequenced/articulated between the school/institutions of postsecondary education	100%

Courses for University of California and/or California State University Admission (School Year 2007-08)

This table displays, for the most recent year, two measures related to the school's courses that are required for University of California (UC) and/or California State University (CSU) admission. Detailed information about student enrollment in, and completion of, courses required for UC/CSU admission can be found on the CDE DataQuest Web page at http://dg.cde.ca.gov/dataquest/.

UC/CSU Course Measure	Percent	
Students Enrolled in Courses Required for UC/CSU Admission	61.6	
Graduates Who Completed All Courses Required for UC/CSU Admission	25.7	

Advanced Placement Courses (School Year 2008-09)

This table displays, for the most recent year, the number of Advanced Placement (AP) courses that the school offered by subject and the percent of the school's students enrolled in all AP courses. Detailed information about student enrollment in AP courses can be found on the CDE DataQuest Web page at http://dg.cde.ca.gov/dataquest/.

Subject	Number of AP Courses Offered	Percent of Students In AP Courses	
Computer Science			
English	2		
Fine and Performing Arts			
Foreign Language			
Mathematics	1		
Science	1		
Social Science	2		
All courses	6	2.0	

XII. Instructional Planning and Scheduling

Professional Development

This section provides information on the annual number of school days dedicated to staff development for the most recent three-year period.

The annual number of teacher contract days devoted to professional development during each of the last three years was three (3) days or the equivalent of 21 hours. Professional development was offered before the beginning of each school year and numerous after-school and weekend workshops were available during the school year. The workshops offered included sessions presented by Paradise Unified School District, Butte County Office of Education and other providers. Content consisted of a variety of subject matter including English Language Arts, Math, Science, Visual and Performing Arts, Physical Education, Social Science, effective teaching strategies, addressing the needs of students with special needs, increasing student achievement, enriching the school environment and character education. Most teachers exceeded the twenty-one hour requirement for professional development.

XIII. National Assessment of Educational Progress

National Assessment of Educational Progress

The National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP) is a nationally representative assessment of what America's students know and can do in various subject areas. Assessments are conducted periodically in mathematics, reading, science, writing, the arts, civics, economics, geography, and U.S. history. Student scores for reading and mathematics are reported as performance levels (i.e., basic, proficient, and advanced) and the participation of students with disabilities and English language learners is reported based on three levels (identified, excluded, and assessed). Detailed information regarding the NAEP results for each grade, performance level, and participation rate can be found on the National Assessment of Educational Progress Web page (Outside Source).

Note: Only a sample group of California's schools and districts participate in the NAEP testing cycle. Therefore, students in any particular school or district may not be included in these results. The NAEP reflects state test results and is not reflective of either the LEA or the individual school. Comparisons of student performance on the NAEP and student performance on the Standardized Testing and Reporting (STAR) Program assessments cannot be made without an understanding of the key differences between the two assessment programs. For example, the NAEP only assesses grades four, eight and twelve and for long-term trends assesses grades nine, thirteen, and seventeen. Additionally, the NAEP only provides state test results for grades four and eight. The California Standards Tests (CSTs) are based on a different set of standards than the NAEP assessments. For example, the NAEP is not aligned with California academic content and achievement standards and, therefore, does not necessarily reflect the curriculum and instruction to which students are exposed in the classroom. The NAEP assesses reading and writing separately, while the CSTs assess English-language arts (ELA), encompassing reading as well as writing conventions, spelling, and grammar. Scores on the CSTs and other assessments are not directly comparable to those on NAEP. The averages and percentages presented are estimates based on samples of students rather than on entire populations. Finally, the questions students respond to are only a sample of the knowledge and skills covered by the NAEP frameworks. Information on the differences between NAEP and CST can be found on the CDE <u>National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP)</u> Web page.

National Assessment of Educational Progress Reading and Mathematics Results by Grade Level – All Students

This table displays the scale scores and achievement levels on the National Assessment of Educational Progress Results for reading (2007) and mathematics (2009) for grades four and eight.

Subject and Grade Level	Average Scale Score		State Percent at Achievement Level		
	State	National	Basic	Proficient	Advanced
Reading 2007, Grade 4	209	220	30	18	5
Reading 2007, Grade 8	251	261	41	20	2
Mathematics 2009, Grade 4	232	239	41	25	5
Mathematics 2009, Grade 8	270	282	36	18	5

National Assessment of Educational Progress Reading and Mathematics Results for Students with Disabilities and/or English Language Learners by Grade Level – All Students

This table displays the state and national participation rates on the National Assessment of Educational Progress for reading (2007) and mathematics (2009) for students with disabilities and/or English language learners for grades four and eight.

Subject and Grade Level	State Participation Rate		National Participation Rate	
	Students With Disabilities	English Language Learners	Students With Disabilities	English Language Learners
Reading 2007, Grade 4	74	93	65	80
Reading 2007, Grade 8	78	92	66	77
Mathematics 2009, Grade 4	79	96	84	94
Mathematics 2009, Grade 8	85	96	78	92